This module is written in the process of defining a couple of styles for an educational math book. The macros provide you a way to visualize steps in for instance solving equations.

The horizontal visualization is called stepchart, while the vertical alternative carries the name steptable. The vertical alternative has a special case that permits alignment on a mid symbol (in most cases a relation).

The implementation uses a combination of TeX and MetaPost, and is set up in such a way that hyperlinks and alike will work okay.

The horizontal stepcharts have at most four rows: two rows of cells with each an associated row of texts. The plural elements cells and texts each have two subelements. The texts elements are put between cells.

```
<stepchart>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
```
When a singular cell element is used in combination with the plural texts, we get one row of step cells with both top and bottom texts.

```
<stepchart>
  <cell> some text </cell>
  <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
  <cell> some text </cell>
</stepchart>
```
The third horizontal alternative only has singular elements, and as a result the texts are put below the step cells.

```
<stepchart>
  <cell> some cell </cell>
  <cell> another cell </cell> <text> a bit of text </text>
  <cell> third cell </cell> <text> more text </text>
  <cell> last cell </cell>
</stepchart>
```

Normally, the lines go from cell to cell via a text. When you let the `cell` element follow by more than one `text` element (or their plural forms), all lines will start at the same point.

```
<stepchart>
  <cell> some text </cell>
  <cell> some text </cell> <text> text </text> <text> text </text>
  <cell> some text </cell>
  <cell> some text </cell> <text> text </text>
  <cell> some text </cell>
</stepchart>
```
The vertical alternative (of course) looks different and permits pretty long explanations. The bonus element \texttt{br} forces a new line, while the \texttt{prep} element can be used to provide additional structure to the text. We will demonstrate this later.

\begin{verbatim}
<steptable>
    <cell> some text </cell>
    <text> text text </text>
    <cell> some text </cell>
    <text> <prep> text </prep> <element> text </element> </text>
    <cell> some text </cell>
</steptable>
\end{verbatim}
When the plural element `cells` is used, three sub-elements are expected. These align around the mid element `c2`.

```xml
<stepaligntable>
  <cells> <c1> left </c1> <c2> more </c2> <c3> right </c3> </cells>
  <text> text </text>
  <cells> <c1> lft </c1> <c2> or </c2> <c3> rt </c3> </cells>
  <text> <prep> text </prep> <element> text </element> </text>
  <cells> <c1> l </c1> <c2> less </c2> <c3> r </c3> </cells>
</stepaligntable>
```

```
left more right
```
```
lft or rt
```
```
l less r
```

There is an additional element `lines` that can be used to group cells and texts. Normally this grouping only makes sense when tuning the appearance of the chart, as we will see later.
The step chart module is loaded with:
\usemodule[steps]

but in the case of embedded math, you should also load the MATHML module:

\usemodule[steps,mathml]

XML example

<stepchart>
  <cells> <top> A </top> <bot> B </bot> </cells>
  <cells> <top> one </top> <bot> five </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> <m> +2 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -2 </m> </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> two </top> <bot> four </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> <m> +3 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -3 </m> </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> three </top> <bot> three </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> <m> +4 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -4 </m> </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> four </top> <bot> two </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> <m> +5 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -5 </m> </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> five </top> <bot> one </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
<stepchart>
  <cell> A </cell>
  <cell> one </cell> <text> <m> +2 </m> </text>
  <cell> two </cell> <text> <m> +3 </m> </text>
  <cell> three </cell> <text> <m> +4 </m> </text>
  <cell> four </cell> <text> <m> +5 </m> </text>
  <cell> five </cell>
</stepchart>
\[
\begin{align*}
\text{with} & \\
\begin{align*}
\text{with} & \\
\end{align*}
\end{align*}
\]
and

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{apply} & \quad \text{eq} & \quad \text{ci} & \quad b & \quad \text{cn} & \quad 6 \\
\text{apply} & \quad \text{eq} & \quad \text{ci} & \quad c & \quad \text{plus} & \quad \text{cn} & \quad 10 & \quad \text{cn} & \quad 18 \\
\text{apply} & \quad \text{eq} & \quad \text{ci} & \quad c & \quad \text{cn} & \quad 28
\end{align*}
\]

we get

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{apply} & \quad \text{eq} & \quad \text{ci} & \quad c & \quad \text{cn} & \quad 28
\end{align*}
\]
\(c = 2a + 3b\)  

with \(a = 5\)

\(c = 10 + 3b\)  

and \(b = 6\)

\(c = 10 + 18\)  

we get

\(c = 28\)

with \(a = 5\)

\(c = 10 + 18\)

we get

\(c = 28\)
and $b = 6$

we get $c = 28$
$c = 2a + 3b$

with $a = 5$

$c = 10 + 3b$

and $b = 6$

$c = 10 + 18$

we get

$c = 28$

\textbf{TEX example}

\setSTEPchart
\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline
\text{A} & B \\
\text{one} & \text{five or more} \\
\text{two} & \text{four} \\
\text{three} & \text{three} \\
\text{four} & \text{two} \\
\text{five or more} & \text{one} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\text{\begin{tabular}{cccc}
+2 & -2 \\
+3 & -3 \\
+4 & -4 \\
+5 & -5 \\
\end{tabular}}
\startSTEPchart
  \cell {A}
  \cell {one} \texts{$+2$}{$-2$}
  \cell {two} \texts{$+3$}{$-3$}
  \cell {three} \texts{$+4$}{$-4$}
  \cell {four} \texts{$+5$}{$-5$}
  \cell {five or more}
\stopSTEPchart
\startSTEPchart
\cells {A} {B}
\cells {one} {five or more} \texts{$+2$}{}
\cells {two} {four} \texts{}{$-3$}
\cells {three} {three} \texts{$+4$}{}
\cells {four} {two} \texts{}{$-5$}
\cells {five or more} {one}
\stopSTEPchart
\cell {five}
\stopSTEPchart

A one two three four five
+2 +3 +4 +5

\startSTEPchart
\cell {A}
\cell {one} \texts{}{+2} \texts{}{+3}
\cell {two}
\cell {three} \texts{+4}{} \texts{+5}{}
\cell {four}
\cell {five}
\stopSTEPchart

A one two three four five
+2 +3 +4 +5
\startSTEPchart
\cell {A}
\cell {one} \text{+2}
\cell {two} \text{+3}
\cell {three} \text{+4}
\cell {four} \text{+5}
\cell {five}
\stopSTEPchart

\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{ccccc}
A & one & two & three & four & five \\
\hline
+2 & +3 & +4 & +5 & \\
\end{tabular}
\end{center}

\startSTEPtable
\cell \{$c=2a+3b$\}
\text {with $a=5$}
\cell \{$c=10+3b$\}
\text {and $b=6$}
\cell \{$c=10+18$\}
\text {we get}
\cell \{$c=28$\}
\stopSTEPtable
$c = 2a + 3b$

with $a = 5$

$c = 10 + 3b$

and $b = 6$

$c = 10 + 18$

we get

$c = 28$

\startSTEPaligntable
\cells {$2c$} {$=$} {$2a+3b$}
\text {with $a=5$}
\cells {$2c$} {$=$} {$10+3b$}
\text {and $b=6$}
\cells {$2c$} {$=$} {$10+18$}
\text {we get}
\cells {$2c$} {$=$} {$28$}
\text {we get}
\cells {$c$} {$=$} {$28/2$}
\text {which reduces to}
$2c = 2a + 3b$

with $a = 5$

$2c = 10 + 3b$

and $b = 6$

$2c = 10 + 18$

we get

$2c = 28$

and therefore

$c = 28/2$

which reduces to

$c = 14$
The charts and tables can have their own spacing set. Quite certainly the distances between cells will differ.

\setupSTEPcharts[...\ldots=\ldots\ldots]

- before \textit{command}
- after \textit{command}
- hoffset \textit{dimension}
- voffset \textit{dimension}
- method \textit{number}
- offset \textit{dimension}
- height \textit{dimension}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>after</td>
<td>hook for commands to execute after the table</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>before</td>
<td>hook for commands to execute before the table</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>method</td>
<td>line drawing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>height</td>
<td>height of the connecting line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>offset</td>
<td>the distance between lines and cells and texts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
hoffset the horizontal distance between cells
voffset the vertical distance between cells

\setupSTEPtables[...,...=...,...]

- before command after command
distance dimension
tffset dimension
offset dimension
width dimension

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>parameter</th>
<th>meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>after</td>
<td>hook for commands to execute after the table</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>before</td>
<td>hook for commands to execute before the table</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>method</td>
<td>line drawing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>width</td>
<td>height of the connecting line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>offset</td>
<td>the distance between lines and cells and texts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distance</td>
<td>the horizontal distance between subcells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>voffset</td>
<td>the vertical distance between cells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Both charts and tables have common settings with respect to the cells, texts and lines.
\texttt{\setupSTEPcells[..,..=..,..]}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>parameter</th>
<th>meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>backgroundcolor</td>
<td>the background color identified by name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rulethickness</td>
<td>the width of the lines between cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>framecolor</td>
<td>the frame color identified by name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>offset</td>
<td>the space between content and frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>style</td>
<td>a (preferable named) style</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>color</td>
<td>the color of the content</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\texttt{\setupSTEPtexts[..,..=..,..]}

..=.. see \setupSTEPcells
\setupSTEPlines[\ldots,\ldots=\ldots,\ldots]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>parameter</th>
<th>meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alternative</td>
<td>the kind of line to draw between cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rulethickness</td>
<td>the width of the lines between cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>color</td>
<td>the line color identified by name</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In \TeX, the settings can be passed as optional arguments to the cells and texts, or intermixed with the definitions. In XML, the settings are passed as processing instructions.

\startSTEPtable
\setupSTEPcells [alternative=5, framecolor=darkred]
\setupSTEPtexts [framecolor=darkgreen]
\setupSTEPPlines [alternative=3]
\cell {type 5}
\text {type 6}
\cell {type 7}
\text {type 8}
There are a couple of alternative shapes available. The most relevant ones are: 5 6 7 8

Although it is not too wise to set up the layout in the middle of a document, for graphics one can seldom get by some local fine-tuning. Here we encounter a rather fundamental difference between \TeX and XML. In \TeX, you can easily change settings on a temporary basis by using groups. In XML on the other hand, settings are passed either as attributes, which makes them local by concept (sort of), or by adding processing instructions, in which case they are kind of global.
Another problem, which probably goes unnoticed unless you study the implementation, is that in a multiple pass typesetting approach as used here\(^1\) in between settings need to be reset before each pass. The next examples hopefully demonstrate how and where to apply settings.

```xml
<steptable>
  <?context-steptable-directive cells alternative 5 ?>
  <?context-steptable-directive cells framecolor darkred ?>
  <?context-steptable-directive texts framecolor darkgreen ?>
  <?context-steptable-directive lines alternative 3 ?>
  <cell> type 5 </cell>
  <text> type 6 </text>
  <cell> type 7 </cell>
  <text> type 8 </text>
  <cell> type 9 </cell>
</steptable>
```

---

First the cells and texts are calculated, then the lines are figured out, and finally cells, lines, and texts are packaged (in this order).\(^1\)
<stepchart>
    <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
    <?context-stepchart-directive lines color darkred ?>
    <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
    <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
    <?context-stepchart-directive lines color darkblue ?>
    <texts> <top> text </top> </texts>
    <cells> <top> some text </top> </cells>
</stepchart>
<stepchart>
    <cells> <top> A </top> <bot> B </bot> </cells>
    <cells> <top> one </top> <bot> five </bot> </cells>
    <texts> <top> <m> +2 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -2 </m> </bot> </texts>
    <cells> <top> two </top> <bot> four </bot> </cells>
    <texts> <top> <m> +3 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -3 </m> </bot> </texts>
    <cells> <top> three </top> <bot> three </bot> </cells>
    <lines color="darkgreen" alternative="3">
        <texts> <top> <m> +4 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -4 </m> </bot> </texts>
        <cells framecolor="darkred"> <top> four </top> <bot> two </bot> </cells>
        <texts> <top> <m> +5 </m> </top> <bot> <m> -5 </m> </bot> </texts>
        <cells> <top> five </top> <bot> one </bot> </cells>
    </lines>
</stepchart>
<stepchart>
  <lines alternative= "1"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 1 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "2"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 2 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "3"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 3 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "11"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 11 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "12"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 12 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "13"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 13 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "21"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 21 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "22"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 22 </text> </lines>
  <lines alternative= "23"> <cell> cell </cell> <text> 23 </text> </lines>
</stepchart>
Some settings can only be set per chart and therefore have to take place outside the chart itself.
<?context-stepchart-directive lines height 30pt ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive lines offset 5pt ?>
<stepchart>
  <cell> some cell </cell>
  <cell> another cell </cell> <text> a bit of text </text>
  <cell> third cell </cell> <text> more text </text>
  <cell> last cell </cell>
</stepchart>

<stepchart height="30pt" offset="5pt">
  <cell> some cell </cell>
  <cell> another cell </cell> <text> a bit of text </text>
  <cell> third cell </cell> <text> more text </text>
  <cell> last cell </cell>
</stepchart>
<stepchart method="2">
    <cell> some cell </cell>
    <cell> another cell </cell> <text> a bit of text </text>
    <cell> third cell </cell> <text> more text </text>
    <cell> last cell </cell>
</stepchart>

<stepchart>
    <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
    <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
    <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
<stepchart>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
<?context-stepchart-directive charts hoffset 2.5em ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive charts voffset .5ex ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive cells alternative 0 ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive cells offset 0pt ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive texts alternative 0 ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive texts offset 0pt ?>
<stepchart>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
<?context-stepchart-directive charts method 2 ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive texts alternative 1 ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive texts backgroundcolor white ?>
<?context-stepchart-directive texts offset 0pt ?>
<stepchart>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
  <texts> <top> text </top> <bot> text </bot> </texts>
  <cells> <top> some text </top> <bot> some text </bot> </cells>
</stepchart>
There is no additional documentation on this module.

This manual is part of the CONTeXT distribution, and is authored and maintained by Hans Hagen. CONTeXT is developed at PRAGMA ADE, Hasselt, The Netherlands. This manual is produced on October 26, 2001.