low level paragraphs

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1 Introduction

This manual is mostly discussing a few low level wrappers around low level T_EX features. Its writing is triggered by an update to the MetaFun and LuaMetaFun manuals where we mess a bit with shapes. It gave a good reason to also cover some more paragraph related topics but it might take a while to complete. Remind me if you feel that takes too much time.

Because paragraphs and their construction are rather central to T_EX , you can imagine that the engine exposes dealing with them. This happens via commands (primitives) but only when it's robust. Then there are callbacks, and some provide detailed information about what we're dealing with. However, intercepting node lists can already be hairy and we do that a lot in ConT_EXt. Intercepting and tweaking paragraph properties is even more tricky, which is why we try to avoid that in the core. But ... in the following sections you will see that there are actually a couple of mechanism that do so. Often new features like this are built in stepwise and enabled locally for a while and when they seem okay they get enabled by default.¹

¹ For this we have \enableexperiments which one can use in cont-loc.mkxl or cont-exp.mkxl, files that are loaded runtime when on the system. When you use them, make sure they don't interfere; they are not part of the updates, contrary to cont-new.mkxl.

2 Paragraphs

Before we demonstrate some trickery, let's see what a paragraph is. Normally a document source is formatted like this:

```
some text (line 1)
some text (line 2)
some more test (line 1)
some more test (line 2)
```

There are two blocks of text here separated by an empty line and they become two paragraphs. Unless configured otherwise an empty line is an indication that we end a paragraph. You can also explicitly do that:

```
some text (line 1)
some text (line 2)
\par
some more test (line 1)
some more test (line 2)
```

When $T_{E}X$ starts a paragraph, it actually also does something think of:

```
[\the\everypar]some text (line 1) some text (line 2) \par
[\the\everypar]some more test (line 1) some more test (line 2) \par
```

or more accurate:

[\the\everypar]some text some text \par [\the\everypar]some more test some more test \par

because the end-of-line character has become a space. As mentioned, an empty line is actually the end of a paragraph. But in LuaMetaT_EX we can cheat a bit. If we have this:

line 1

line 2

We can do this (watch how we need to permit overloading a primitive when we have enabled \overloadmode):

```
\pushoverloadmode
\def\linepar{\removeunwantedspaces !\ignorespaces}
\popoverloadmode
```

line 1

line 2

This comes out as:

line 1

line 2

I admit that since it got added (as part of some cleanup halfway the overhaul of the engine) I never saw a reason to use it, but it is a cheap feature. The \linepar primitive is undefined (\undefined) by default so no user sees it anyway. Just don't use it unless maybe for some pseudo database trickery (I considered using it for the database module but it is not needed). In a similar fashion, just don't redefine \par: it's asking for troubles and 'not done' in $ConT_EXt$ anyway.

Back to reality. In LuaT_EX we get a node list that starts with a so called localpar node and ends with a <code>\parfillskip</code>. The first node is prepended automatically. That list travels through the system: hyphenation, applying font properties, break the effectively one line into lines, wrap them and add them to a vertical list, etc. Each stage can be intercepted via callbacks.

When the paragraph is broken into lines hanging indentation or a so called par shape can be applied, and we will see more of that later, here we talk \par and show another LuaMetaT_EX trick:

\def\foo{{\bf test:} \ignorepars}

\foo

line

The macro typesets some text and then skips to the next paragraph:

test: line

Think of this primitive as being a more powerful variant of <code>\ignorespaces</code>. This leaves one aspect: how do we start a paragraph. Technically we need to force T_EX into so called horizontal mode. When you look at plain T_EX documents you will notice commands like <code>\noindent</code> and <code>\indent</code>. In ConTEXt we have more high level variants, for instance we have <code>\noindentation</code>.

A robust way to make sure that you get in horizontal mode is using \dontleavehmode which is a wink to \leavevmode , a command that you should never use in $ConT_EXt$, so

when you come from plain or LATEX, it's one of the commands you should wipe from your memory.

When T_EX starts with a paragraph the \everypar token list is expanded and again this is a primitive you should not mess with yourself unless in very controlled situations. If you change its content, you're on your own with respect to interferences and side effects.

One of the things that T_EX does in injecting the indentation. Even when there is none, it gets added, not as skip but as an empty horizontal box of a certain width. This is easier on the engine when it constructs the paragraph from the one liner: starting with a skip demands a bit more testing in the process (a nice trick so to say). However, in $ConT_EXt$ we enable the LuaMeta T_EX feature that does use a skip instead of a box. It's part of the normalization that is discussed later. Instead of checking for a box with property indent, we check for a skip with such property. This is often easier and cleaner.

A bit off topic is the fact that in traditional T_EX empty lines or \par primitives can trigger an error. This has to do with the fact that the program evolved in a time where paper terminals were used and runtime could be excessive. So, in order to catch a possible missing brace, a concept of \long macros, permitting \par or equivalents in arguments, was introduced as well as not permitting them in for instance display math. In ConT_EXt MkII most macros that could be sensitive for this were defined as \long so that users never had to bother about it and probably were not even aware of it. Right from the start in LuaT_EX these error-triggers could be disabled which of course we enable in ConT_EXt and in LuaMetaT_EX these features have been removed altogether. I don't think users will complain about this.

If you want to enforce a newline but not a new paragraph you can use the \crlf command. When used on its own it will produce an empty line. Don't use this to create whitespace between lines.

If you want to do something after so called par tokens are seen you can do this:

```
\def\foo{{\bf >>>> }}
\expandafterpars\foo
this is a new paragraph ...
\expandafterpars\foo
\par\par\par
this is a new paragraph ...
```

This not to be confused with \everypar which is a token list that T_EX itself injects before each paragraph (also nested ones).

>>>> this is a new paragraph ...

>>>> this is a new paragraph ...

This is typically a primitive that will only be used in macros. You can actually program it using macros: pickup a token, check and push it back when it's not a par equivalent token. The primitive is is just nicer (and easier on the log when tracing is enabled).

3 Properties

A paragraph is just a collection of lines that result from one input line that got broken. This process of breaking into lines is influenced by quite some parameters. In traditional T_EX and also in LuaMeta T_EX by default the values that are in effect when the end of the paragraph is met are used. So, when you change them in a group and then ends the paragraph after the group, the values you've set in the group are not used.

However, in LuaMetaT_EX we can optionally store them with the paragraph. When that happens the values current at the start are frozen. You can still overload them but that has to be done explicitly then. The advantage is that grouping no longer interferes with the line break algorithm. The magic primitive is <code>\snapshotpar</code> which takes a number made from categories mentioned below:

| variable | category | code |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| \hsize | hsize | 0x0000001 |
| \leftskip | skip | 0x0000002 |
| \rightskip | skip | 0x0000002 |
| \hangindent | hang | 0x0000004 |
| \hangafter | hang | 0x0000004 |
| \parindent | indent | 0x0000008 |
| \parfillleftskip | parfill | 0x0000010 |
| \parfillskip | parfill | 0x0000010 |
| \parinitleftskip | parfill | 0x0000010 |
| \parinitrightskip | parfill | 0x0000010 |
| \emergencyleftskip | emergency | 0x00800000 |
| \emergencyrightskip | emergency | 0x00800000 |
| \adjustspacing | adjust | 0x0000020 |
| \protrudechars | protrude | 0x0000040 |
| \pretolerance | tolerance | 0x0000080 |

| \tolerance | tolerance | 0x0000080 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| \emergencystretch | stretch | 0x00000100 |
| \looseness | looseness | 0x00000200 |
| \lastlinefit | lastline | 0x00000400 |
| \linepenalty | linepenalty | 0x0000800 |
| \interlinepenalty | linepenalty | 0x00000800 |
| \clubpenalty | clubpenalty | 0x00001000 |
| \widowpenalty | widowpenalty | 0x00002000 |
| \displaywidowpenalty | displaypenalty | 0x00004000 |
| \lefttwindemerits | twindemerits | 0x20000000 |
| \righttwindemerits | twindemerits | 0x20000000 |
| \brokenpenalty | brokenpenalty | 0x0008000 |
| \adjdemerits | demerits | 0x00010000 |
| \doublehyphendemerits | demerits | 0x00010000 |
| \finalhyphendemerits | demerits | 0x00010000 |
| \parshape | shape | 0x00020000 |
| \interlinepenalties | linepenalty | 0x00000800 |
| \clubpenalties | clubpenalty | 0x00001000 |
| \widowpenalties | widowpenalty | 0x00002000 |
| \displaywidowpenalties | displaypenalty | 0x00004000 |
| \brokenpenalties | brokenpenalty | 0x0008000 |
| \orphanpenalties | orphanpenalty | 0x00200000 |
| \toddlerpenalties | toddlerpenalty | 0x00400000 |
| \fitnessclasses | fitnessclasses | 0x4000000 |
| \adjacentdemerits | demerits | 0x00010000 |
| \glyphscriptscriptscale | orphanpenalty | 0x00200000 |
| \baselineskip | line | 0x00040000 |
| \lineskip | line | 0x00040000 |
| \lineskiplimit | line | 0x00040000 |
| \adjustspacingstep | adjust | 0x00000020 |
| \adjustspacingshrink | adjust | 0x00000020 |
| \adjustspacingstretch | adjust | 0x00000020 |
| \hyphenationmode | hyphenation | 0x00080000 |
| \shapingpenaltiesmode | shapingpenalty | 0x00100000 |
| \shapingpenalty | shapingpenalty | 0x00100000 |
| \emergencyextrastretch | emergency | 0x00800000 |
| \parpasses | parpasses | 0x01000000 |
| \linebreakchecks | linebreakchecks | 0x1000000 |
| \singlelinepenalty | singlelinepenalty | 0x02000000 |
| | | |

Properties

| \hyphenpenalty | hyphenpenalty | 0x04000000 |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| \exhyphenpenalty | exhyphenpenalty | 0x0800000 |

As you can see here, there are more paragraph related parameters than in for instance $pdfT_EX$ and LuaT_EX and these are (to be) explained in the LuaMetaT_EX manual. You can imagine that keeping this around with the paragraph adds some extra overhead to the machinery but most users won't notice that because is is compensated by gains elsewhere.

This is pretty low level and there are a bunch of helpers that support this but these are not really user level macros. As with everything T_EX you can mess around as much as you like, and the code gives plenty of examples but when you do this, you're on your own because it can interfere with Con T_EXt core functionality.

In LMTX taking these snapshots is turned on by default and because it thereby fundamentally influences the par builder, users can run into compatibility issues but in practice there has been no complaints (and this feature has been in use quite a while before this document was written). One reason for users not noticing is that one of the big benefits is probably handled by tricks mentioned on the mailing list. Imagine that you have this:

```
{\bf watch out:} here is some text
```

In this small example the result will be as expected. But what if something magic with the start of a paragraph is done? Like this:

```
\placefigure[left]{A cow!}{\externalfigure[cow.pdf]}
```

{\bf watch out:} here is some text ... of course much more is needed to
 get a flow around the figure!

The figure will hang at the left side of the paragraph but it is put there when the text starts and that happens inside the bold group. It means that the properties we set in order to get the shape around the figure are lost as soon as we're at 'here is some text' and definitely is wrong when the paragraph ends and the par builder has to use them to get the shape right. We get text overlapping the figure. A trick to overcome this is:

```
\dontleavehmode {\bf watch out:} here is some text ... of course much
   more is needed to get a flow around the figure!
```

where the first macro makes sure we already start a paragraph before the group is entered (using a \strut also works). It's not nice and I bet users have been bitten by

this and by now know the tricks. But, with snapshots such fuzzy hacks are not needed any more! The same is true with this:

```
{\leftskip lem some text \par}
```

where we had to explicitly end the paragraph inside the group in order to retain the skip. I suppose that users normally use the high level environments so they never had to worry about this. It's also why users probably won't notice that this new mechanism has been active for a while. Actually, when you now change a parameter inside the paragraph its new value will not be applied (unless you prefix it with \frozen or snapshot it) but no one did that anyway.

4 Wrapping up

In ConT_EXt LMTX we have a mechanism to exercise macros (or content) before a paragraph ends. This is implemented using the \wrapuppar primitive. The to be wrapped up material is bound to the current paragraph which in order to get this done has to be started when this primitive is used.

Although the high level interface has been around for a while it still needs a bit more testing (read: use cases are needed). In the few cases where we already use it application can be different because again it relates to snapshots. This because in the past we had to use tricks that also influenced the user interface of some macros (which made them less natural as one would expect). So the question is: where do we apply it in old mechanisms and where not.

todo: accumulation, interference, where applied, limitations

5 Hanging

There are two mechanisms for getting a specific paragraph shape: rectangular hanging and arbitrary shapes. Both mechanisms work top-down. The first mechanism uses a combination of \hangafter and \hangindent, and the second one depends on \parshape. In this section we discuss the rectangular one.

```
\hangafter 4 \hangindent 4cm \samplefile{tufte} \page
\hangafter -4 \hangindent 4cm \samplefile{tufte} \page
\hangafter 4 \hangindent -4cm \samplefile{tufte} \page
\hangafter -4 \hangindent -4cm \samplefile{tufte} \page
```

As you can see in figure 1, the four cases are driven by the sign of the values. If you want to hang into the margin you need to use different tricks, like messing with the

\leftskip, \rightskip or \parindent parameters (which then of course can interfere with other mechanisms uses at the same time).

6 Shapes

In ConT_EXt we don't use \parshape a lot. It is used in for instance side floats but even there not in all cases. It's more meant for special applications. This means that in MkII and MkIV we don't have some high level interface. However, when MetaFun got upgraded to LuaMetaFun, and the manual also needed an update, one of the examples in that manual that used shapes also got done differently (read: nicer). And that triggered the arrival of a new low level shape mechanism.

One important property of the \parshape mechanism is that it works per paragraph. You define a shape in terms of a left margin and width of a line. The shape has a fixed number of such pairs and when there is more content, the last one is used for the rest of the lines. When the paragraph is finished, the shape is forgotten.²

The high level interface is a follow up on the example in the MetaFun manual and uses shapes that carry over to the next paragraph. In addition we can cycle over a shape. In this interface shapes are defined using keyword. Here are some examples:

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
    left 1mm right 1mm
    left 5mm right 5mm
\stopparagraphshape
```

This shape has only two entries so the first line will have a 1mm margin while later lines will get 5mm margins. This translates into a \parshape like:

```
\parshape 2
1mm \dimexpr\hsize-1mm\relax
5mm \dimexpr\hsize-5mm\relax
```

Watch the number 2: it tells how many specification lines follow. As you see, we need to calculate the width.

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
```

left 1mm right 1mm

 $^{^2\,}$ Not discussed here is a variant that might end up in LuaMetaTEX that works with the progression, i.e. takes the height of the content so far into account. This is somewhat tricky because for that to work vertical skips need to be frozen, which is no real big deal but has to be done careful in the code.



\hangindent -4cm





```
left 5mm right 5mm
repeat
\stopparagraphshape
```

This variant will alternate between 1mm and 5mm margins. The repeating feature is translated as follows. Maybe at some point I will introduce a few more options.

```
\parshape 2 options 1
   1mm \dimexpr\hsize-1mm\relax
   5mm \dimexpr\hsize-5mm\relax
```

A shape can have some repetition, and we can save keystrokes by copying the last entry. The resulting \parshape becomes rather long.

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
```

```
left 1mm right 1mm
left 2mm right 2mm
left 3mm right 3mm
copy 8
left 4mm right 4mm
left 5mm right 5mm
left 5mm hsize 10cm
```

\stopparagraphshape

Also watch the hsize keyword: we don't calculate the hsize from the left and right values but explicitly set it.

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
    left 1mm right 1mm
    right 3mm
    left 5mm right 5mm
    repeat
\stopparagraphshape
```

When a right keywords comes first the left is assumed to be zero. In the examples that follow we will use a couple of definitions:

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
    both 1mm both 2mm both 3mm both 4mm both 5mm both 6mm
    both 7mm both 6mm both 5mm both 4mm both 3mm both 2mm
\stopparagraphshape
```

```
\startparagraphshape[test-repeat]
```

both 1mm both 2mm both 3mm both 4mm both 5mm both 6mm both 7mm both 6mm both 5mm both 4mm both 3mm both 2mm repeat

\stopparagraphshape

The last one could also be defines as:

\startparagraphshape[test-repeat]
 \rawparagraphshape{test} repeat
 \stopparagraphshape

In the previous code we already introduced the repeat option. This will make the shape repeat at the engine level when the shape runs out of specified lines. In the application of a shape definition we can specify a method to be used and that determine if the next paragraph will start where we left off and discard afterwards (shift) or that we move the discarded lines up front so that we never run out of lines (cycle). It sounds complicated but just keep in mind that repeat is part of the \parshape and act within a paragraph while shift and cycle are applied when a new paragraph is started.

In figure 2 you see the following applied:

```
\startshapedparagraph[list=test]
   \dorecurse{8}{\showparagraphshape\samplefile{tufte} \par}
\stopshapedparagraph
```

```
\startshapedparagraph[list=test-repeat]
  \dorecurse{8}{\showparagraphshape\samplefile{tufte} \par}
  \stopshapedparagraph
```

In figure 3 we use this instead:

```
\startshapedparagraph[list=test,method=shift]
   \dorecurse{8}{\showparagraphshape\samplefile{tufte} \par}
\stopshapedparagraph
```

Finally, in figure 4 we use:

```
\startshapedparagraph[list=test,method=cycle]
  \dorecurse{8}{\showparagraphshape\samplefile{tufte} \par}
  \stopshapedparagraph
```

These examples are probably too small to see the details but you can run them yourself or zoom in on the details. In the margin we show the values used. Here is a simple

1 2 skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, re-fine, cumerate, igans, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chiff and separate We thrive in inframe gates. Lick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, beil down, choose, categorize, stato, classify, list, abstrat, scan, hook into idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguism, environd, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, re-fine, enumerate, focus, organize, condense, reduce, build own, choose, categorize, the show from the goats. We three the state of the state of the state inguish, streen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, averega, approximate, cluster, and through, skim, re-fine, enumerate, focus, organize, condense, reduce, bald down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstrat, scan, hook into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, screen, pigoonhole, pick over, sort, incegrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, averega, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, states of the state, the state of the state state of the state state of the state he sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of unito, lead al separate the sheep from the goats. Winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. 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We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday o parity to select, still, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, nerge, harn inter, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, refuee, bold down, choose, categori inguist, screen, hygionable, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lim skip, mooth, durk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summari, fine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separa-te sheep from the goats. skip, marents, kenning in merening, horizens, glance-into, led through, skim, re-fine, emmerate, glean, syropsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelosm and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-ing, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, biol down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, sercen, pipconhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, hump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, fine, memerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, biol down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, screen, pipconhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, hump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, intenize, review of pinto, filt phrone, blend, these, filter, hump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, bloid own, choose, categorize, netalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-serving the species, organize, condense, reduce, bloid own, choose, categorize, netalow, focus, organize, condense, reduce, bloid own, choose, categorize, nateding, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-mize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, bloid own, choose, categorize, netalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di-ting synthesize, focus, discard, finite shape, page 1 discard, finite shape, page 2

skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, re-fine, emmerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick wolds because of our marvelous and everyday or pacity to sketc, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-ing synohassift, ford, ourset, on, look investige, group, pair, merge, harmo, baselit, ford, ourset, on, look investige, index of the chaff and separate inguish, acreace, pipconhole, pick over, sort, integrate, head, higher, there, harmo-ring, synoth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itenize, review, inj into, flip through, howes, glance into, leaf through, skin, re-fine, emmerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick wolds because of our marvelous and everyday or inguish, acreace, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, rothue, hold down, choose, categorize, inguish, screece, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, rothue, hold down, choose, categorize, inguish, screece, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-rize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense of our marvelous and everyday or-hes sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick wolds because of our marvelous and everyday or-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, rothue, hold down, choose, categorize, harmo-thick synthesize, focus, organize, condense, ordina, show, ne-fine, memerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday c pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harm its, synthesis, focus, organize, condense, reduce, bollow, choose, categoriz statog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di inguish, screen, pignoshok, pick over, sort, integrate bend, inspect. Here, hum, fumile, inverse, pignoshok, pick over, sort, integrate bend, inspect. Here, hum, traine, review, dip into, tip through, howese glance into, leaf through, skim, r he sheep from the goats. 2e, review, dip into, hip through, browse, giance mot, seat through, seim, it-search is a sequence immerate, gloan, synopsize, wimous the wheat from the chaff and separate hirtee in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and veryedus reactions, for the second s fine, emmerate, glean, synopsize, winnow use wasa. www...w the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, scinturtue, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scass, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump,

discard, repeat in shape, page 1

discard, repeat in shape, page 2

Figure 2 Discarded shaping

Shapes

1 2 skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, led furough, skim, re-fine, enumerate, igena, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate We thrive in information-net intermediate in the structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, statolo, classify, list, abstrat, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, sercen, pigconhole, pick vore, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, led through, skim, re-fine, enumerate, focus, organize, condense, refuce, boil down, choose, categorize, the showed for the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-ding, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, refuce, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, statog, classify, list, abstrat, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-tinguish, errem, pigonoho, pick wee, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and e apacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, categories, establig classify, list, abstract, sean, hock into, idealize, isolat criminate, distinguish, serven, pigenoble, pick over, sort, integrate, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chimä, average, approximate, chuste grapate, outlines, summarize, hencine, review, dip into, life pitrough, ber-glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, wi the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and ever acity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight group, pair, merge tray, synthesize, forcus, organize, condense, reduce, hold down, choose, ca mignish, screen, pignothele, pick own, ext. integrate, head, inspect, filt dip, smooth, chaim, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, sur emize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through, horose, glance into, leaft huogh, engize, review, dip into, fing through through the screen and the sheaf from the chaff and e sheep from the goats. mize, review, dip into, flip through, howse, glance into, leaf through, stam, r. e, emmerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the what from the chaff and separat riskeep from the gasts. Worlds because of our marvelous and everyday cr rity to select, odli, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harm equilable, screen, highlight, source, atogoriz alog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di uglish, screen, highlight, average, approximate, classer, aggregate, outline, summarize alog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di e. emmerate, glean, synopsixe, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separat e sheep from the gasts. I thrive in information–thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday cr rity to select, odil, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harm e, synthesis, forcus, organize, condense, relutes, biol down, choose, categoriz talog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di sight, screen, highenohe, jick over, sort, integrate, bend, inspect, filter, hun ju, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize is deep from the gasts. shift, finite shape, page 1 shift, finite shape, page 2 We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelons and capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pa harmoning, synthesize, focus, cognitive, condense, relates, buil down categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, bok into, idealize, isc crimined, their heightsky structure, having a selection of the groups of the regularized structure of the selection of the groups of through sky structure, fields, end of the selection groups of through sky structure, ends, ends, ends, ends, ends, glance into, head through sky and refine, enumerate, glann syntopics, the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, di-tiquish, screen, pigoonho, pick over, sort, integrate, lebad, inspect, filter, hump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itenize, review, dip inso, filt brough, browse, glace into, leaf through, skim, re-fine, emumerate, glaca, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nize, youthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, buil down, choose, reitegoritic, inquish, acrease, pigoenbole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itenize, review, dip into, filt through, horoses, glace, into, leaf through, skim, re-fine, cummerate, glan, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-ratadog, clustify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolato, discriment, hirter, itenize, review, dip into, filt through, horoses, glance into, leaf through, havin, re-fine, cummerate, glans, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. trom me cami aim separate me sucep room me gausa. Information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and el-ect, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, mer size, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, sify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discri-ren, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, liebend, inspect, f. a, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, j. , review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, re-umerate, glean, stropoize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate sep from the goats. to select, edit, single out, structure, lightlight, group, pair, merge, harmo-nthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, ball down, choose, categorize, c classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, dis-nereen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, behand, lingeter, filter, lump, mooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster aggregate, outline, summarize, preview, dip into, flip through, horses, glance into, leaf through, skim, re-privel, with the goats.

fine, cummente, glean, synopsize, winnow ure wasaa sawa the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, a trutterub, highlight, goup, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, hunp,



shift, repeat in shape, page 2

Figure 3 Shifted shaping





cycle, repeat in shape, page 2

Figure 4 Cycled shaping

Shapes

example of (non) poetry. There are other environments that can be used instead but this makes a good example anyway.

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
    left 0em right 0em
    left 1em right 0em
    repeat
\stopparagraphshape
\startshapedparagraph[list=test,method=cycle]
    verse line 1.1\crlf verse line 2.1\crlf
    verse line 3.1\crlf verse line 4.1\par
    verse line 1.2\crlf verse line 2.2\crlf
    verse line 3.2\crlf verse line 4.2\crlf
    verse line 5.2\crlf verse line 6.2\par
\stopshapedparagraph
verse line 1.1
 verse line 2.1
verse line 3.1
 verse line 4.1
verse line 1.2
 verse line 2.2
verse line 3.2
 verse line 4.2
```

verse line 5.2 verse line 6.2

Because the idea for this feature originates in MetaFun, we will now kick in some Meta-Post. The following code creates a shape for a circle. We use a 2mm offset here:

```
\startuseMPgraphic{circle}
    path p ; p := fullcircle scaled TextWidth ;
    build_parshape(p,
        2mm, 0, 0,
        LineHeight, StrutHeight, StrutDepth, StrutHeight
    ) ;
    \stopuseMPgraphic
```

We plug this into the already described macros:

```
\startshapedparagraph[mp=circle]%
```

```
\setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]%
  \samplefile{tufte}
  \samplefile{tufte}
  \stopshapedparagraph
```

And get ourself a circular shape. Watch out, at this moment the shape environment does not add grouping so when as in this case you change the alignment it can influence the document.

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in informationthick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

Assuming that the shape definition above is in a buffer we can do this:

```
\startshapedparagraph[mp=circle]%
  \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]%
  \samplefile{tufte}
  \samplefile{tufte}
  \stopshapedparagraph
```

The result is shown in figure 5. Because all action happens in the framed environment, we can also use this definition:

\startuseMPgraphic{circle}

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in informationthick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

Figure 5 A framed circular shape

A mechanism like this is often never completely automatic in the sense that you need to keep an eye on the results. Depending on user demands more features can be added. With weird shapes you might want to set up the alignment to be tolerant and have some stretch.

The interface described in the MetaFun manual is pretty old, the time stamp of the original code is mid 2000, but the principles didn't change. The examples in meta-imp-txt.mkxl can now be written as:

```
\startshapetext[test 1,test 2,test 3,test 4]
  \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,normal]%
```

```
\samplefile{douglas} % Douglas R. Hofstadter
\stopshapetext
\startcombination[2*2]
{\framed[offset=overlay,frame=off,background=test 1]{\getshapetext}}
    {test 1}
    {\framed[offset=overlay,frame=off,background=test 2]{\getshapetext}}
    {test 2}
    {\framed[offset=overlay,frame=off,background=test 3]{\getshapetext}}
    {test 3}
    {\framed[offset=overlay,frame=off,background=test 4]{\getshapetext}}
    {test 4}
\stopcombination
```

In figure 6 we see the result. Watch how for two shapes we have enabled tracing. Of course you need to tweak till all fits well but we're talking of special situations anyway.

Here is a bit more extreme example. Again we use a circle:

```
\startuseMPgraphic{circle}
```

```
lmt_parshape [
    path = fullcircle scaled 136mm,
    offset = 2mm,
    bottomskip = - 1.5LineHeight,
];
stepuseMPgraphic
```

\stopuseMPgraphic

But we output a longer text:

```
\startshapedparagraph[mp=circle,repeat=yes,method=cycle]%
  \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]\dontcomplain
  {\darkred \samplefile{tufte}}\par
  {\darkgreen \samplefile{tufte}}\par
  {\darkblue \samplefile{tufte}}\par
  {\darkcyan \samplefile{tufte}}\par
  {\darkmagenta \samplefile{tufte}}\par
  {\stopshapedparagraph
```

We get a multi-page shape:

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure,





Figure 6

highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday ca-

pacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. Compare this with:

```
\startshapedparagraph[mp=circle,repeat=yes,method=cycle]%
  \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]\dontcomplain
  {\darkred \samplefile{tufte}}
  {\darkgreen \samplefile{tufte}}
  {\darkblue \samplefile{tufte}}
  {\darkcyan \samplefile{tufte}}
  {\darkmagenta \samplefile{tufte}}
  {\stopshapedparagraph
```

Which gives:

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and goats. everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse,

glance into, leaf

through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the We thrive in information-thick worlds because of goats. our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats. We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

Here the bottomskip takes care of subtle rounding issues as well as discarding the last line in the shape so that we get nicer continuation. There is no full automated solution for all you can come up with.

Mixing a MetaPost specification into a regular one is also possible. The next example demonstrates this as well as the option to remove some lines from a specification:

```
\startparagraphshape[test]
```

```
left 0em right 0em
left 1em right 0em
metapost {circle}
delete 3
metapost {circle,circle,circle}
delete 7
metapost {circle}
repeat
```

 $\verb+stopparagraphshape$

You can combine a shape with narrowing a paragraph. Watch the absolute keyword in the next code. The result is shown in figure 7.

```
\startuseMPgraphic{circle}
    lmt parshape [
                  = fullcircle scaled TextWidth,
        path
        bottomskip = - 1.5LineHeight,
    ];
\stopuseMPgraphic
\startparagraphshape[test-1]
    metapost {circle} repeat
\stopparagraphshape
\startparagraphshape[test-2]
    absolute left metapost {circle} repeat
\stopparagraphshape
\startparagraphshape[test-3]
    absolute right metapost {circle} repeat
\stopparagraphshape
\startparagraphshape[test-4]
    absolute both metapost {circle} repeat
\stopparagraphshape
\showframe
\startnarrower[4*left,2*right]
    \startshapedparagraph[list=test-1, repeat=yes, method=repeat]%
        \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]\dontcomplain
        \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{thuan}}
    \stopshapedparagraph
    \page
    \startshapedparagraph[list=test-2, repeat=yes, method=repeat]%
        \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]\dontcomplain
        \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{thuan}}
    \stopshapedparagraph
    \page
    \startshapedparagraph[list=test-3, repeat=yes, method=repeat]%
        \setupalign[verytolerant,stretch,last]\dontcomplain
        \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{thuan}}
```

```
\stopshapedparagraph
\page
\startshapedparagraph[list=test-4, repeat=yes, method=repeat]%
    \setupalign[verytolerant, stretch, last]\dontcomplain
    \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{thuan}}
    \stopshapedparagraph
stopshapedparagraph
```

\stopnarrower

The shape mechanism has a few more tricks but these are really meant for usage in specific situations, where one knows what one deals with. The following examples are visualized in figure 8.

```
\useMPlibrary[dum]
\usemodule[article-basics]
\startbuffer
    \externalfigure[dummy][width=6cm]
\stopbuffer
\startshapedparagraph[text=\getbuffer]
    \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
\stopshapedparagraph
\page
\startshapedparagraph[text=\getbuffer,distance=1em]
    \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
\stopshapedparagraph
\page
\startshapedparagraph[text=\getbuffer,distance=1em,
        hoffset=-2em]
    \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
\stopshapedparagraph
\page
\startshapedparagraph[text=\getbuffer,distance=1em,
```

```
voffset=-2ex,hoffset=-2em]
```

```
\dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
```







Figure 7 Skip compensation

\stopshapedparagraph

\page

```
\startshapedparagraph[text=\getbuffer,distance=lem,
            voffset=-2ex,hoffset=-2em,lines=1]
        \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
        \stopshapedparagraph
```

\page

```
\startshapedparagraph[width=4cm,lines=4]
    \dorecurse{3}{\samplefile{ward}\par}
\stopshapedparagraph
```

7 Modes

todo: some of the side effects of so called modes

8 Leaders

Leaders are a basic feature that users probably never run into directly. They repeat content till it fits the specified width which can be stretched out. The content is typeset once and it is the backend that does the real work of repetition.

```
\strut\leaders \hbox{!}\hfill\strut
\strut\xleaders\hbox{!}\hfill\strut
\strut\cleaders\hbox{!}\hfill\strut
\strut\gleaders\hbox{!}\hfill\strut
```

Here \leaders starts at the left edge and are repeats the box as long as it fits, $\x \$ spreads till the edges and $\c \$ centers the lot. The $\g \$ primitive (which is not in orginal $T_{E}X$) takes the outer box as reference and further behaves like $\c \$.

The leader primitives take box or rule but in LuaMetaT_EX a glyph can also be specified, which saves wrapping in a box.



Figure 8 Flow around something

\ruledvbox \bgroup \hsize 10cm
 \strut\cleaders\hbox{!}\hfill\strut
\egroup

\ruledvbox \bgroup \hsize 10cm
 \strut\cleaders\hrule\hfill\strut
\egroup

```
\ruledvbox \bgroup \hsize 10cm
    \strut\cleaders\glyph`!\hfill\strut
```

\egroup

.....

The LuaMetaT_EX engine also introduced \uleaders

We show three boxes, a regular one first (red):

x xx xxx xxxx \ruledhbox{L\hss R}\space x xx xxx xxxx

The second one (blue) is also a box but one that stretches upto 100pt and is in a later stage, when the paragraph has been built, is repackaged to the effective width. The third example (green) leaves out the background.

In $ConT_EXt$ we have wrapped this feature in the adaptive box mechanism, so here a few a few examples:

```
\startsetups adaptive:test:a
   \setbox\usedadaptivebox\vbox to \usedadaptivetotal \bgroup
   \externalfigure
   [cow.pdf]
   [width=\framedmaxwidth,
    frame=on,
    height=\usedadaptivetotal]%
   \egroup
   \stopsetups

\startsetups adaptive:test:b
   \setbox\usedadaptivebox\vbox to \usedadaptivetotal \bgroup
   \externalfigure
   [cow.pdf]
   [width=\usedadaptivewidth,
   ]
}
```

```
frame=on,
    height=\usedadaptivetotal]%
    \egroup
```

```
\stopsetups
```

```
We use this as follows (see figure 9 for the result):
```

```
\framed[height=18cm,align=middle,adaptive=yes,top=,bottom=] {%
    \begstrut \samplefile{tufte} \endstrut
    \par
    \adaptivevbox
    [strut=yes,setups=adaptive:test:a]
    {\showstruts\strut\hsize5cm\hss}%
    \par
    \adaptivevbox
    [strut=yes,setups=adaptive:test:b]
    {\showstruts\strut\hsize5cm\hss}%
    \par
    \begstrut \samplefile{tufte} \endstrut
}
```

Here is one that you can test yourself:

```
\startsetups adaptive:test
  \setbox\usedadaptivebox\vbox to \usedadaptivetotal \bgroup
  \externalfigure
    [cow.pdf]
    [width=\usedadaptivewidth,
    height=\usedadaptivetotal]%
  \egroup
  \stopsetups
\ruledvbox to \textheight {
    \par \begstrut \samplefile{tufte} \endstrut \par
    \adaptivevbox[strut=yes,setups=adaptive:test]{\hsize\textwidth\hss}
```

```
\par \begstrut \samplefile{tufte} \endstrut
```

}

The next example comes from the test suite (where it runs over many pages in order to illustrate the idea):

```
\startMPdefinitions
```

We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.



We thrive in information-thick worlds because of our marvelous and everyday capacity to select, edit, single out, structure, highlight, group, pair, merge, harmonize, synthesize, focus, organize, condense, reduce, boil down, choose, categorize, catalog, classify, list, abstract, scan, look into, idealize, isolate, discriminate, distinguish, screen, pigeonhole, pick over, sort, integrate, blend, inspect, filter, lump, skip, smooth, chunk, average, approximate, cluster, aggregate, outline, summarize, itemize, review, dip into, flip through, browse, glance into, leaf through, skim, refine, enumerate, glean, synopsize, winnow the wheat from the chaff and separate the sheep from the goats.

Figure 9

```
def TickTock =
    interim linecap := squared;
    save p ; path p ;
    p := fullsquare xysized(AdaptiveWidth,.9(AdaptiveHeight+AdaptiveDepth))
    fill p withcolor AdaptiveColor ;
```

;

```
draw bottomboundary (p enlarged (-AdaptiveThickness) )
            withdashes (3*AdaptiveThickness)
            withpen pencircle scaled AdaptiveThickness
            withcolor white ;
    enddef ;
\stopMPdefinitions
\startsetups adaptive:test
    \setbox\usedadaptivebox\hbox
                   \usedadaptivewidth
        to
        yoffset -.9\usedadaptivedepth
    \bgroup
        \hss
        \startMPcode
            TickTock ;
        \stopMPcode
        \hss
   \egroup
\stopsetups
\definecolor[adaptive:tick][.25(blue,green)]
\definecolor[adaptive:tock][.75(blue,green)]
\defineadaptive
  [tick]
  [setups=adaptive:test,
   color=adaptive:tick,
   foregroundcolor=white,
   foregroundstyle=\infofont,
   strut=yes]
\defineadaptive
  [tock]
  [tick]
  [color=adaptive:tock]
\dostepwiserecurse{8}{12}{1}{%
    \dostepwiserecurse{5}{15}{1}{%
        this~#1.##1 is~#1.##1 test~#1.##1
        \ifodd##1\relax
```

```
this 8.5 is 8.5 test 8.5 tick 8.5 this 8.6 is 8.6 test 8.6 tock 8.6 this 8.7 is 8.7 test 8.7
this 8.8 is 8.8 test 8.8 tock 8.8 this 8.9 is 8.9 test 8.9 tick 8.9 this 8.10 is 8.10 test 8.10
this 8.11 is 8.11 test 8.11 tick 8.11 this 8.12 is 8.12 test 8.12 tock 8.12 this 8.13 is 8.13
test 8.13 tick 8.13 this 8.14 is 8.14 test 8.14 tock 8.14 this 8.15 is 8.15 test 8.15
this 9.5 is 9.5 test 9.5 tick 9.5 this 9.6 is 9.6 test 9.6 tock 9.6 this 9.7 is 9.7 test 9.7
this 9.8 is 9.8 test 9.8 tock 9.8 this 9.9 is 9.9 test 9.9 tick 9.9 this 9.10 is 9.10 test 9.10
this 9.11 is 9.11 test 9.11 tick 9.11 this 9.12 is 9.12 test 9.12 tock 9.12 this 9.13 is 9.13
test 9.13 tick 9.13 this 9.14 is 9.14 test 9.14 tock 9.14 this 9.15 is 9.15 test 9.15
this 10.5 is 10.5 test 10.5 tick 10.5 this 10.6 is 10.6 test 10.6 test 10.6 this 10.7 is 10.7
test 10.7 tick 10.7 this 10.8 is 10.8 test 10.8 tock 10.8 this 10.9 is 10.9 test 10.9
this 10.10 is 10.10 test 10.10 tock 10.10 this 10.11 is 10.11 test 10.11 tick 10.11 this 10.12
is 10.12 test 10.12 tock 10.12 this 10.13 is 10.13 test 10.13 test 10.13 this 10.14 is 10.14
test 10.14 tock 10.14 this 10.15 is 10.15 test 10.15 tick 10.15 this 11.5 is 11.5 test 11.5
this 11.6 is 11.6 test 11.6 tock 11.6 this 11.7 is 11.7 test 11.7 tick 11.7 this 11.8 is 11.8
test 11.8 tock 11.8 this 11.9 is 11.9 test 11.9 tick 11.9 this 11.10 is 11.10 test 11.10
this 11.11 is 11.11 test 11.11 tick 11.11 this 11.12 is 11.12 test 11.12 tock 11.12 this 11.13
is 11.13 test 11.13 tick 11.13 this 11.14 is 11.14 test 11.14 tock 11.14 this 11.15 is 11.15
test 11.15 tick 11.15 this 12.5 is 12.5 test 12.5 tick 12.5 this 12.6 is 12.6 test 12.6
this 12.7 is 12.7 test 12.7 tick 12.7 this 12.8 is 12.8 test 12.8 tock 12.8 this 12.9 is 12.9
test 12.9 tick 12.9 this 12.10 is 12.10 test 12.10 tock 12.10 this 12.11 is 12.11 test 12.11
this 12.12 is 12.12 test 12.12 tock 12.12 this 12.13 is 12.13 test 12.13 tick 12.13 this 12.14
is 12.14 test 12.14 tock 12.14 this 12.15 is 12.15 test 12.15 tick 12.15
```

In the next example the graphics adapt to the available space:

```
\egroup
\stopsetups
\dostepwiserecurse{1}{50}{1}{%
    this~#1 is~#1 test~#1
    {\adaptivebox[strut=yes,setups=adaptive:test]{}}
}
```

this 1 is 1 test 1 **(b)** this 2 is 2 test 2 **(c)** this 3 is 3 test 3 **(c)** this 4 is 4 test 4 **(c)** this 5 is 5 test 5 **(c)** this 6 is 6 test 6 **(c)** this 7 is 7 test 7 **(c)** this 8 is 8 test 8 **(c)** this 9 is 9 test 9 **(c)** this 10 test 10 **(c)** this 11 is 11 test 11 **(c)** this 12 is 12 test 12 **(c)** this 13 is 13 test 13 **(c)** this 14 is 14 test 14 **(c)** this 15 is 15 test 15 **(c)** this 16 is 16 test 16 this 17 is 17 test 17 **(c)** this 18 is 18 test 18 **(c)** this 19 is 19 test 19 **(c)** this 20 is 20 test 20 **(c)** this 21 is 21 test 21 **(c)** this 22 is 22 test 22 **(c)** this 23 is 23 test 23 this 24 test 24 **(c)** this 25 is 25 test 25 **(c)** this 26 is 26 test 26 **(c)** this 27 is 27 test 31 **(c)** this 32 is 32 test 32 **(c)** this 33 is 33 test 33 **(c)** this 34 is 34 test 34 **(c)** this 35 is 35 test 35 **(c)** this 36 is 36 test 36 **(c)** this 37 is 37 test 37 this 38 is 38 test 38 **(c)** this 46 is 46 test 46 **(c)** this 47 is 47 test 47 **(c)** this 48 is 48 test 48 **(c)** this 49 is 49 test 49 **(c)** this 50 is 50 test 50 **(c)** test 50

9 Prevdepth

The depth of a box is normally positive but rules can have a negative depth in order to get a rule above the baseline. When T_EX was written the assumption was that a negative depth of more than 1000 point made no sense at all. The last depth on a vertical list is registered in the \prevdepth variable. This is basically a reference into the current list. In order to illustrate some interesting side effects of setting this \prevdepth and especially when we set it to -1000 pt. In order to illustrate this this special value can be set to a different value in LuaMetaTEX. However, as dealing with the property is somewhat special in the engine you should not set it unless you know that the macro package is ware of it.

line 1\par line 2 \par \nointerlineskip line 3 \par

Assuming that we haven't set any inter paragraph spacing this gives:

| line | |
|--------|--|
| | |
| line 2 | |
| line . | |

Prevdepth

Here \nointerlineskip is (normally) defined as:

\prevdepth-1000pt

although in $ConT_EXt$ we use ignoredepthcriterium instead of the hard coded dimension. We now give a more extensive example:

```
\ruledhbox \bgroup
  \PrevTest{-10.0pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-20.0pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-49.9pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-50.0pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-50.1pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-60.0pt}\quad
  \PrevTest{-80.0pt}%
```

\egroup

```
\def\PrevTest#1%
 {\setbox0\ruledhbox{\strut$\tf#1$}%
 \dp0=#1
 \vbox\bgroup\hsize4em
 FIRST\par
 \unhbox0\par
 LAST\par
 \egroup}
or
```

```
\def\PrevTest#1%
 {\setbox0\ruledhbox{\strut$\tf#1$}%
 \dp0=#1
 \vbox\bgroup
 \ruledhbox{FIRST}\par
 \box0\par
 \ruledhbox{LAST}\par
 \egroup}
```

The result is shown in figures 10 and 11. The first case is what we normally have in text and we haven't set prevdepth explicitly between lines so T_EX will just look at the depth of the lines. In the second case the depth is ignored when less than the criterium

which is why, when we set the depth of the box to a negative value we get somewhat interesting skips.

| FIRST |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| -10.0pt | -20.0pt | -49.9pt | -50.0pt | -50.1pt | -60.0pt | –80.0pt |
| LAST |

| Figure | 10 |
|--------|----|
|--------|----|

| FIRST | FIRST | FIRST | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| -10.0pt | -20.0pt | -49.9pt | | | | |
| LAST | LAST | LAST | LAST | LAST | LAST | LAST |
| | | | FIRST –50.0pt | FIRST –50.1pt | FIRST -60.0pt | FIRST |

Figure 11

I'm sure one can use this effect otherwise than intended but I doubt is any user is willing to do this but the fact that we can lower the criterium makes for nice experiments. Just for the record, in figure 12 you see what we get with positive values:

```
\ruledhbox \bgroup
```

```
\PrevTest{10.0pt}\quad
\PrevTest{20.0pt}\quad
\PrevTest{49.9pt}\quad
\PrevTest{50.0pt}\quad
\PrevTest{50.1pt}\quad
\PrevTest{60.0pt}\quad
\PrevTest{80.0pt}%
```

\egroup



Watch the interline skip kicking in when we make the depth larger than in \ignore-depthcriterium being 50pt.

10 Normalization

todo: users don't need to bother about this but it might be interesting anyway

11 Dirty tricks

todo: explain example for combining paragraphs

12 Penalties

In figiure 13 we demonstrate the (accumulated) effect of a few penalty arrays that you can set. Keep in mind that these are low level (primitive) commands that can interfere with other mechanisms. The interline penalties are applied to the current paragraph in the same was as \looseness is. This makes sense because using the club and widow penalties is more predictable. You have to zoom in to see how the penalties add up. As with \looseness the \interlinepenalties get reset before the paragraph, which is shown in the bottom cells of this figure.

| \interlinepenalty | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|---|----|---|
| \clubpenalty | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| \widowpenalty | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| \orphanpenalty | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| \shapingpenalty | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| \clubpenalties | 5 | 1000 | 2000 | 3000 | 4000 | 5000 | 0/0 | 6 | -> | 0 |
| \widowpenalties | 5 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | % | 6 | -> | 0 |
| \orphanpenalties | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | % | 6 | -> | 0 |
| \interlinepenaltie | es 5 | 100000 | 200000 | 300000 | 400000 | 500000 | % | 6 | -> | 0 |

It actually makes sense to explicitly zero the last entry because as you can see in the figure the last one gets used when we run out of entries.

Can you guess what the next specification does?

```
\widowpenalties 3 options \largestspecificationoptioncode 3000 2000 1000
\clubpenalties 3 options \largestspecificationoptioncode 30 20 10
```

13 Par passes

Everything comes together in what we call par passes. Before we explain them first something about a feature that makes setting up for instance \widowpenalties easier. Here are a few definitions:

| The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, | The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- | is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- |
| eral, in fact. It would be happening wheth | n <mark>er</mark> al, in fact. It would be happening whether |
| humans had ever evolved or not. But | humans had ever evolved or not. But |
| our presence is like the effect of an old- | our presence is like the effect of an old- |
| age patient who smokes many packs of | age patient who smokes many packs of |
| cigarettes per day—and we humans are | cigarettes per day—and we humans are |
| the cigarettes. | the cigarettes. 🚥 |
| The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, | The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, |
| is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- | is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- |
| eral, in fact. It would be happening wheth | eral, in fact. It would be happening whether |
| humans had ever evolved or not. But | humans had ever evolved or not. But |
| our presence is like the effect of an old- | our presence is like the effect of an old- |
| age patient who smokes many packs of | age patient who smokes many packs of |
| cigarettes per day—and we humans are | cigarettes per day—and we humans are |
| the cigarettes. | the cigarettes. |
| \normalizeparmode 8 | \normalizeparmode 8 |
| The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, | The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, |
| is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- | is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- |
| eral, in fact. It would be happening wheth | neral, in fact. It would be happening whether |
| humans had ever evolved or not. But | humans had ever evolved or not. But |
| our presence is like the effect of an old- | our presence is like the effect of an old- |
| age patient who smokes many packs of | age patient who smokes many packs of |
| cigarettes per day—and we humans are | cigarettes per day—and we humans are |
| the cigarettes. | the cigarettes. 🚥 |
| The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, | The Earth, as a habitat for animal life, |
| is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- | is in old age and has a fatal illness. Sev- |
| eral, in fact. It would be happening wheth | n <mark>er</mark> al, in fact. It would be happening whether |
| humans had ever evolved or not. But | humans had ever evolved or not. But |
| our presence is like the effect of an old- | our presence is like the effect of an old- |
| age patient who smokes many packs of | age patient who smokes many packs of |
| cigarettes per day—and we humans are | cigarettes per day—and we humans are |
| the cigarettes. | the cigarettes. |
| newline and \normalizeparmode 8 | newline and \normalizeparmode 8 |
| Figure 13 | Penalty lists |

| \specificationdef\strictwidowpenalties | \widowpenalties | \plusthree |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| <pre>\maxcount \maxcount \zerocount \relax</pre> | | |
| \specificationdef\strictwidowpenaltiestwo | \widowpenalties | \plustwo |

```
\maxcount \zerocount \relax
\specificationdef\strictwidowpenaltiesthree \widowpenalties \plusthree
\maxcount \maxcount \zerocount \relax
\specificationdef\strictwidowpenaltiesfour \widowpenalties \plusfour
\maxcount \maxcount \zerocount \relax
```

These are defined in the core and hooked into the alignment interface:

```
\installaligncommand{strictwidows} {\strictwidowpenalties }
\installaligncommand{strictwidows:2}{\strictwidowpenaltiestwo }
\installaligncommand{strictwidows:3}{\strictwidowpenaltiesthree}
\installaligncommand{strictwidows:4}{\strictwidowpenaltiesfour }
```

We also have four such 'strict' definitions for club but only one for broken penalties. For orphan penalties we have four 'less' orphan penalties but for widow, club and broken we have only one. So we end up with lessorphans, lessorphans:2, lessorphans:3, lessorphans:4, defaultwidows, defaultclubs, defaultbroken, strictwidows, strictwidows:2, strictwidows:3, strictwidows:4, strictclubs, strictclubs:2, strictclubs:3, strictclubs:4 and strictbroken.

You can also use <code>\specificationdef</code> for other constructs that have this multiple variable setup. Now to par passes. This is a mechanism unique to LuaMetaT_EX that permits more than the usual upto three paragraph break steps: pretolerance, tolerance and emergency. How this works is explained in detail in the paragraphs chapter in the beyond document.

todo: copy some from article when published

13 Colofon

| Author | Hans Hagen |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| ConT _E Xt | 2024.10.31 11:54 |
| LuaMetaT _E X | 211.6 |
| Support | www.pragma-ade.com |
| | contextgarden.net |